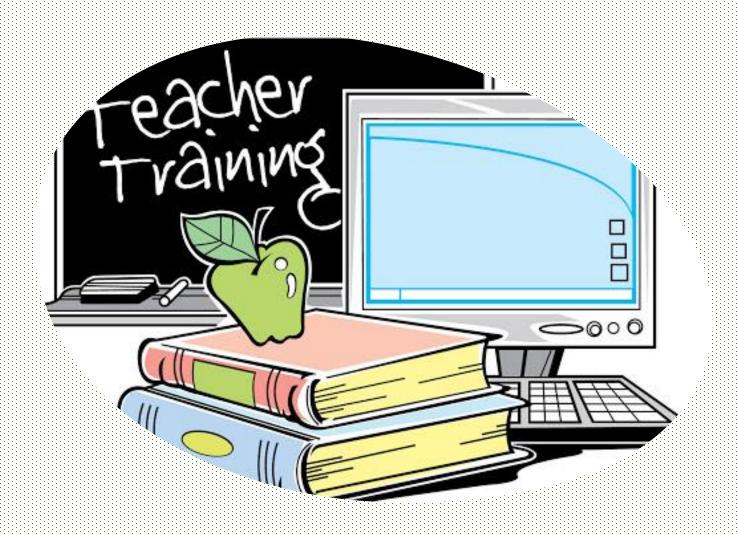
# Using Padlet for online learning with young learners

Klavdija Križovnik Osnovna šola Mislinja









Getting ready for online learning









### What is Padlet?

Padlet allows interaction between the poster and the reader.

Students don't have to make an account to participate. I just share them the link to the Padlet and they can access it.

I can set the Padlet to be private so it's only accessible to my classes.

I can design a Padlet to fit the topic using color schemes, fonts, wallpapers, and photography that's built into the site. I can also use photos from my device or the web.

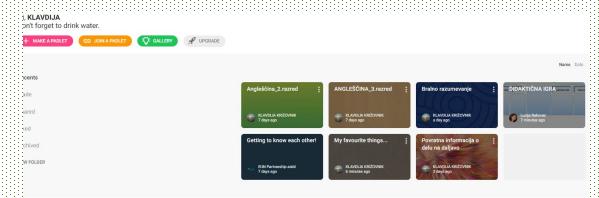


All comments and input provided by students are in real-time so there's no waiting

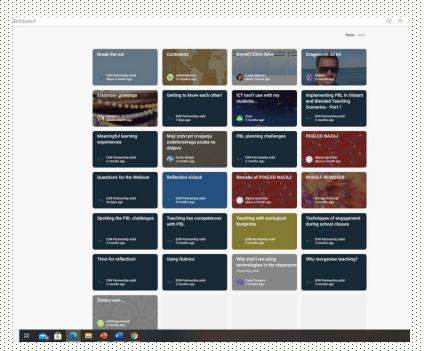
### Others can see the postings, as well as comment or vote on them, if the board owner allowes.

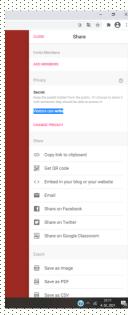
You can allow to write on the wall, or you can allow just to read your posts.

Padlet's free version for all users allows you to create up to three Padlet boards at a time, I erase and create new ones to stay under the limit. Or you can make two accounts.



Shared Padlets are there until you erase them.





# PADLET allows learners to collaborate online by posting:



text



images,



links



documents,



videos,



voice recordings.

# PADLET is a great way for interaction with students



sharing website addresses



formative assessment



brainstorming on a topic



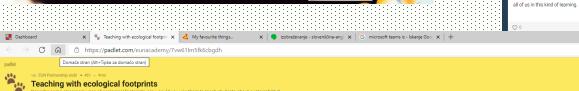
working in groups



gathering students work and their feedback

## Collaboration with Erasmust partners Erasmus+ greetings







nesting boxes and feeders. We take par in Clean Up the World, Tree Day, Water BAHAR AYDEMİR TURKEY I would tell my students what ecological





As a French teacher, I will use this theme this subject to develop the ora skills of my students. I will also be able to collaborate with my fellow professors. of biology to set up together an eTwinning project on the issue to wider the spectrum of knowledge of our

Tukai vnesite izraz za iskanie

### ilayda ESEN.Antalya/TURKEY

notorint is and then we can prepare a school newsletter that mentions about this issue and ways to reduce it.

### Loredana Popa, Romania

Using the calculator is a great idea. This way students really see the impact they have. We have had a debate in mixed international teams, for young kids, in our newest Erasmus+ project. I think creating a poster and a checklist with small steps they can take at home together with their families is a start And monitoring that for a few months until they get the hang of it.

### We can apply how ecologica footprint is calculated. They may be asked to share what they

Together with the students, we calculated the ecological footprint of our school. We discussed together what We are pleased that our ecommendations have been supported



Sevil CELEBI

Victoriya Shastun, Ukraine

Of course, we have to use site

everyday life and talk about it.

Luce my own board games about SDGs

We have to think about changes in our

Firstly, we'll make mind-map Ecology. Then we'll calculate our footprints and

### Popa Elena Crina, Romania

First we have to explain what sustainability is and then the most effective way for small children to understand it is to reuse, reducing and recycling.

We reduce the energy consume in classroom by using economical bulbs, we use the day light and shut all the lights in class when not necessary, we recycle the paper, the plastic cups and plates by making art projects, or materials and objects in class.

### Patrizia Molignano Tatiana. Ukraine

I discovered Fooprints here and I think will be a very good way to start a discussion in the classroom. After this

First, we are going to understand what is "the ecological footprint". Then each student will try to calculate their Later, we will meet in small groups and they will discuss the results: Finally, they will propose some a actions to reduce the ecological

footprints and then the will calculate

their footprint again

### Stefano Bargelli, Italy

When I deal with water and its natural cycle, I suggest to my pupils (11-12 yo) a lab about the water footprint and the use of water to make stuff (food. I use these web sites with them https://waterfootprint.org/en/ https://voutu.be/9GorgroiggM

### Dorina Grigor,Romania

First I have to explain them what sustainability is then start a debate on this topic,using ecological footprints

### Andrea Sainz

We focus in a currently big problem and look for information about it in the news radio... Then we make a mural with all

### Elena Monasterolo, Italy

After a lesson about climate changes I sent to my students (10 years) a test or how to calculate their "ecological soul" and after that I gave them a form on which they will be able to write their "oif for the planet". They'll have to be able to stick to their goals attentively

### Flife Esra VAZICI-TURKEY

reduce our ecological footprint in our school and environment. We prepare hanners that invite people to consume vegetables, we can draw warning pictures to consume fossil fuels less.

Figen Canbolat / Turkey

Ayak\_Izi\_Hesaplama\_Araci

There are some good articles we can

https://www.researchgate.net/publication

n/326098491\_Turkiye'ye\_Ozgu\_Ekolojik\_

https://www.wwf.org.tr/basin\_bultenleri

/raporlar/yaayan\_gezegen\_raporu/yasar

angezegenraporu/2014/ekolojikavakizi/

Reusing, reducing and recyclingare the most effective activities to teach students about sustainability

### ② ^ / 4.02.20

Building a team of students across different nations that is able to collaborate effectively might be difficult online while it is easier to achieve offline and face-to-face. I guess documenting the project might e easier online as most communication can be easily recorded like text. If the teams work together on a website like a TwinSpace the results of

their project can easily be stored and are accessible whereever you have access to the internet.

Andreas, Germany

C https://padlet.com/eunacademy/implementing\_PBL\_part1

Verónica, La Rioja, Spain

If I think on my age, I find easier to

classroom, but if I have into account

their abilities with technologies and how

consider more challenging to do it in an

they attract them, I suppose they can

develop students' agency in the

Implementing PBL in Distant and Blended Teaching Scenarios - Part 1

EUN Partnership aisbl + 397 - 3mo

Kristina Ina

really became a fan of online teaching

but the problem is not everyone has the

controll the work they did, did they even

In this kind of learning, it is difficult to be

nuch better when students work side b

developed with distant learning. It us

side, comparing, giving their point of

view hearing others, making mistakes.

etc. Being in the classroom is better for

The most difficult part I think is the feedback. On line it is very poor. Cooperation activities are difficult whe we are not together, but we have to be able to use the technology to get the

reflection is more difficult

⊕ Q 😘 💗 | 🖆 📵 📸 C I REMAKE - SHARE ...

Implementing PBL in Distant and X 🐾 Teaching with ecological footprin X 👶 My favourite things...

### Süheyla, Mersin-TURKEY Content knowledge and conceptual understanding alone

are not enough in today's world. In school and college, in the modern workplace, as citizens and in their lives in general, people need to be able to think critically and solve problems, work well with others and communicate effectively.

### Sandra, Portugal Francesca Ripamonti, Italy leedless to say that distance learning

believe it's more challenging in online setting. We have to overcome a lot of does not help promote students' agenc issues. Not all the students have access given the lack of the students' direct to technology or know how to use it collaboration. However thanks to properly. In a classroom setting technology, also a remote scenario can communication is easier and faster develop students' interaction. If we want learners to be motivated, we need to provide opportunities that allow then to engage in authentic tasks that foster autonomy, invite the pursuit of mastery

Based on what was covered in this module, what aspects would you consider to be more challenging in an online setting than in a classroom setting, and the other way around? For example, is it easier to develop students' agency online or in the classroom? Reflect on this question and share your thoughts in this Padel.

Research to all search to posts of Green.

### Sandra Santos, Portugal

Simona Žalvtė-Liunkuvienė

student's knowledge during

It is not easy to accurately assess a

distance learning. However, depending

on the teacher-student relationship, fair

participation of students in the learning

and self-assessment process is still

I think that in an online setting there are always lots of aspects that can interfere such as the surrounding environment of each student and their digital resources eedback can also not be immediate. Nevertheless, I think students agency will be easier online, because even though they can see each other, there's always a feeling of being alone...

### Renata, Croatia

Certainly, in an asynchronous distance learning setting would be more challenges - explaining the project. division of roles (for group work), chekin fase by fase their progress etc.

and intrigue them with a sense of

ournee And this can be done also

eing connected from our homes.

Surely, to keep the students' agency

progress and need to re-establish it all

alive, teachers need to check its

x | • izobraževanje - slovenščina-angl x | • microsoft teams is - Iskanje Goo x | +

Webinars:

taking notes and sharing ideas

### Eleonora Augugliaro, Italy

### Maria Anversa Grasso, Italy

Surely it is easier to develop students' anency in the classroom during face to face group works. However, thanks to the new technologies, we can manage to do it also by means of discance learning, using digital platform and some useful collaborative tools: mind naps by Mindomo or Coggle, ebook by Book Creator or simple shared documents by Google or Padlets

### Rarbara Italy

I think collaborarotion and reflection are the most difficult parts in distant and blended teaching scenarios.

Ángela, Spair

### Sandra, Croatia

Students agency is more difficilt to develop online, and it's more difficult to track their work.

one more challenge is to manage the

Larica Lithuania

⊕ Q 6 ♥ | £ 6 a

Isabel Oliveira, Portugal

developed on site

Monica Croatia

Collaborative tasks can be better

n distance scenarios I believe they

hynethetically should be more agency

they are carefully guided, and even so,

and the others will do other works for

It is definitely better to develop students'

agany in the classroom and then they

face to face, and later do the same online.

know how to carry on online if

driven, but from my experience, unless

♥ # REMAKE → SHARE ··· =



















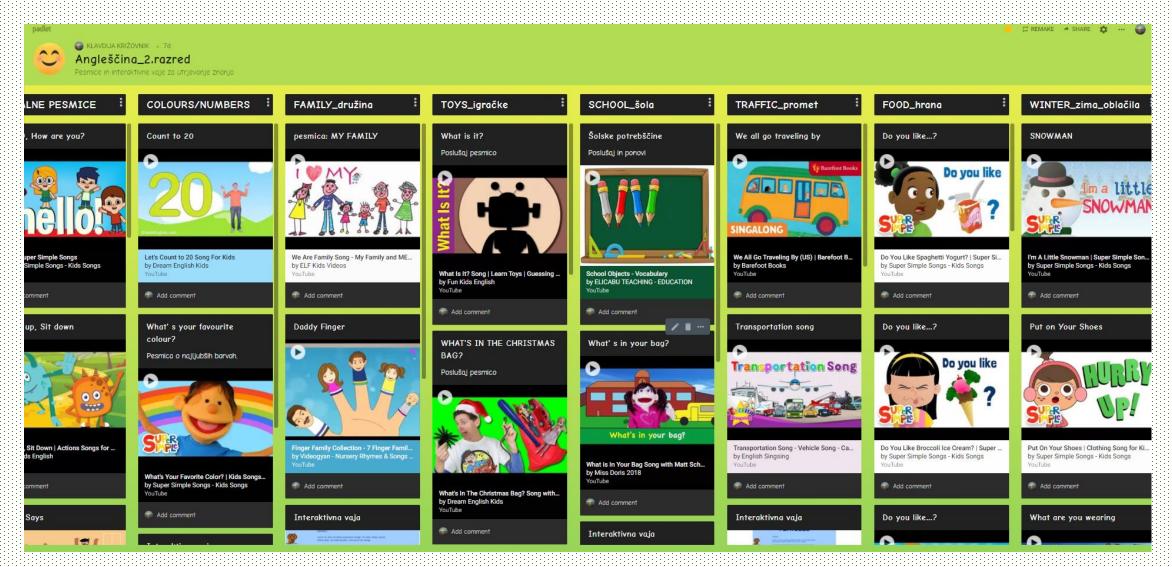


### ANGLEŠČINA 1.razred (padlet.com)

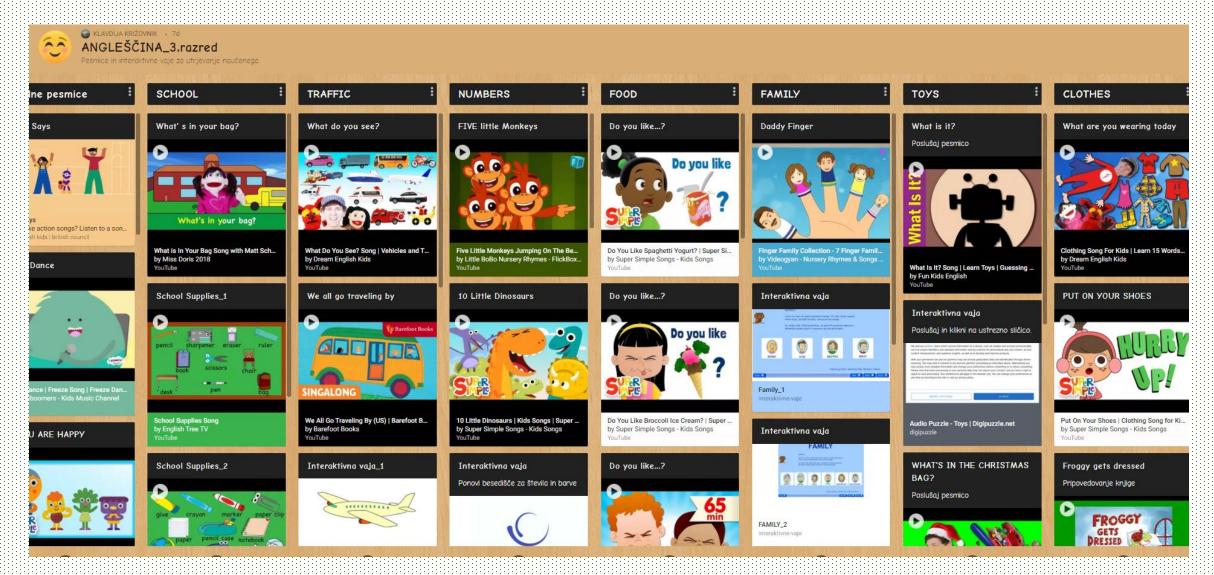




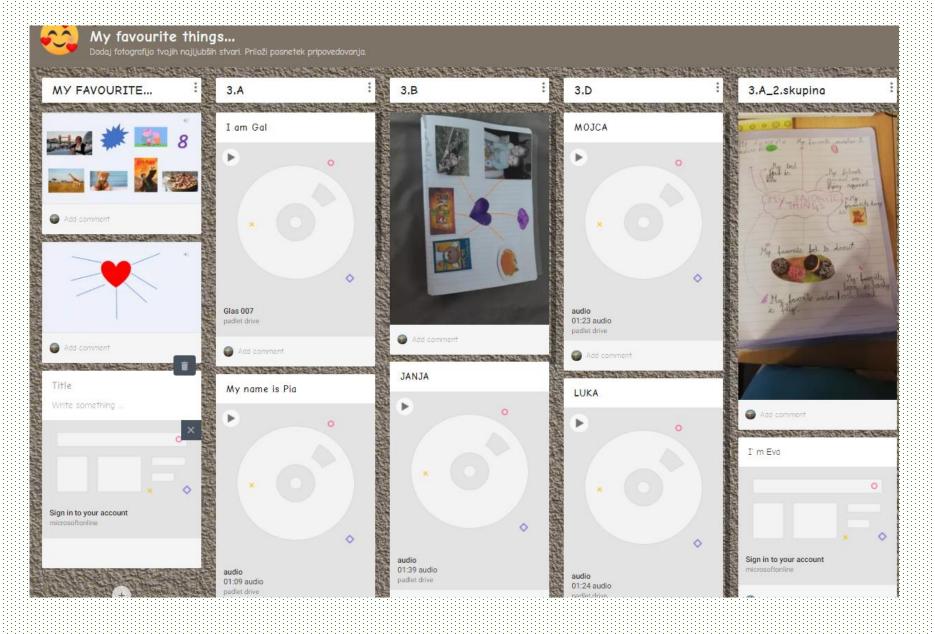
### Angleščina 2.razred (padlet.com)



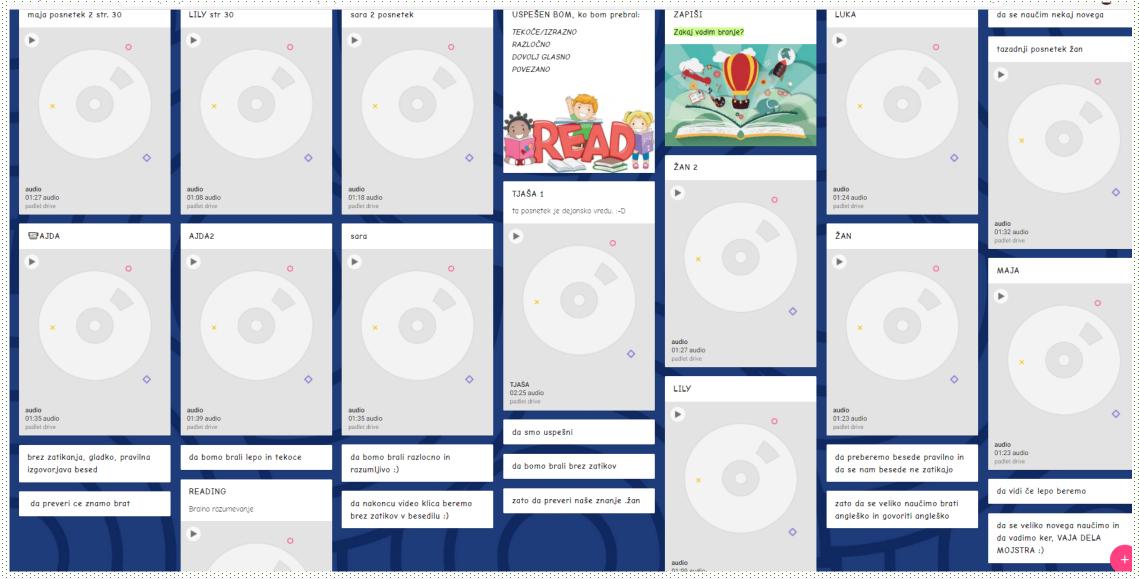
### ANGLEŠČINA 3. razred (padlet.com)



# Oral performance



### formative assessment



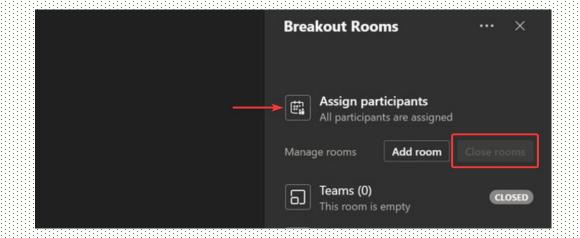
# Group Work











# group: ELFS



### group: SANTAS



### group: REINDEERS

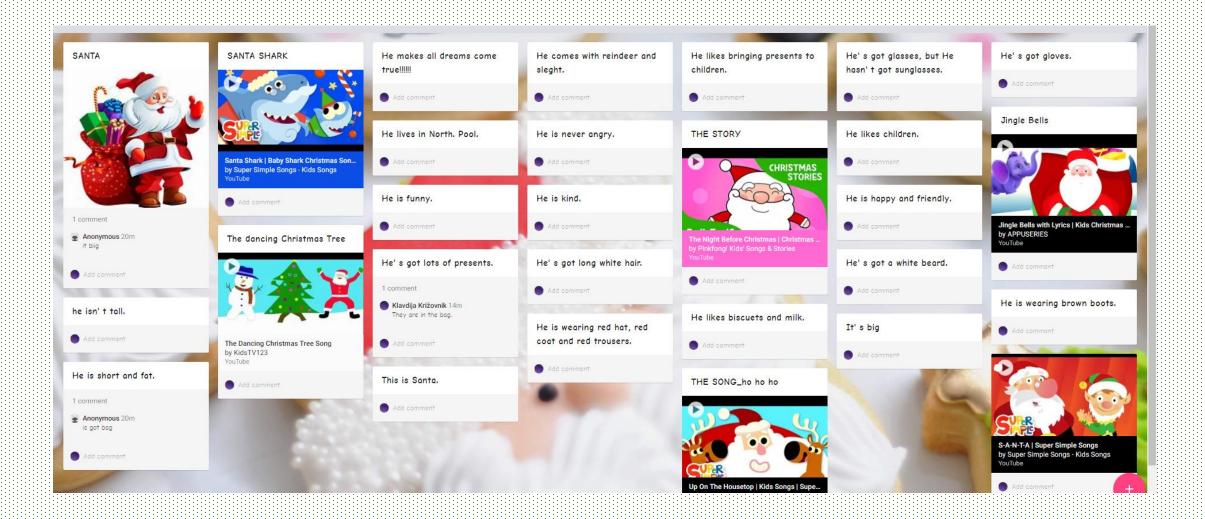




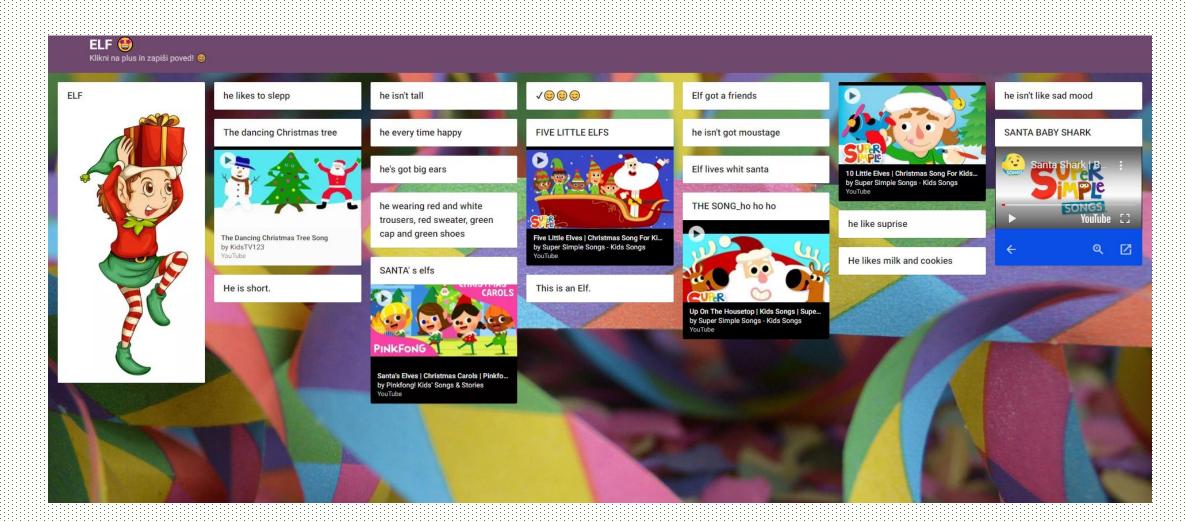




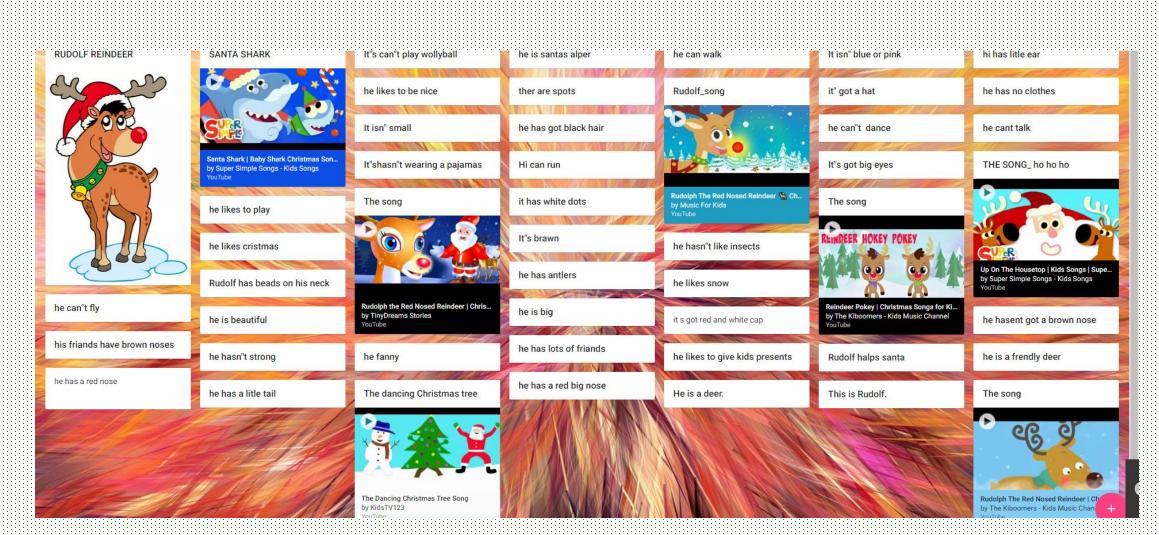
### SANTAS

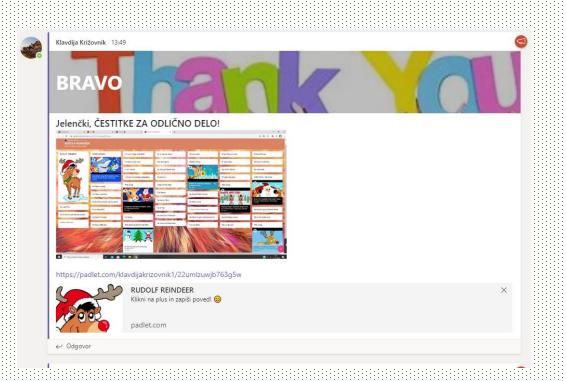


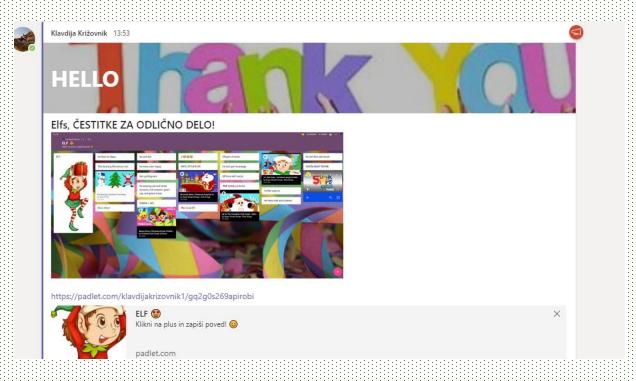




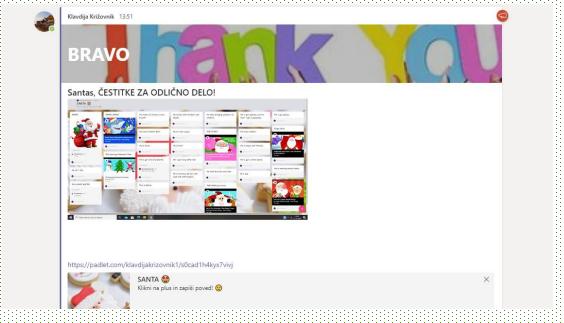
### REINDEERS







Evaluation



### Feedback







Technology will not replace great teachers, but technology in the hands of great teachers can be transformational. (George Couros)