

Učb, str. 167, - REŠITVE (25. 3. 2020)

1. a)  $\sigma = 90 \text{ cm}$   
 $\alpha = 60^\circ$

$$l = ? \quad l = \frac{\sigma \cdot \alpha}{360^\circ}$$

$$l = \frac{90 \cdot 60^\circ}{360^\circ} = \frac{90}{6} = \underline{\underline{15 \text{ cm}}}$$

ali  $60^\circ \dots \frac{1}{6}$  kroga

$$l = \frac{90}{6} = \underline{\underline{15 \text{ cm}}}$$

c)  $\sigma = 90 \text{ cm}$

$$\alpha = 120^\circ$$

$$l = ?$$

$$l = \frac{\sigma \cdot \alpha}{360^\circ} = \frac{90 \cdot 120}{360} = \underline{\underline{30 \text{ cm}}}$$

ali  $\frac{120}{360} = \frac{1}{3}$

$$l = \frac{\sigma}{3} = \frac{90}{3} = \underline{\underline{30 \text{ cm}}}$$

2. a)  $r = 20 \text{ cm}$   
 $\alpha = 75^\circ$

$$l = \frac{2\pi r \alpha}{360^\circ}$$

$$l = \frac{2 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 20 \cdot 75^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

$\frac{18}{3}$

$$l = \frac{78,5}{3} = 26,2 \text{ cm}$$

b)  $2r = 30 \text{ cm}$

$$r = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha = 120^\circ$$

$$l = \frac{2\pi r \alpha}{360^\circ}$$

$$l = \frac{2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot 120^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

$\frac{3}{1}$

$$l = 10 \cdot 3,14 = \underline{\underline{31,4 \text{ cm}}}$$

4.  $r = 18 \text{ cm}$

$$\alpha = 72^\circ$$

$$l = \frac{2\pi r \alpha}{360^\circ}$$

$$l = \frac{2 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 18 \cdot 72^\circ}{360^\circ}$$

$\frac{10}{10}$

$$l = \frac{113,04}{10} = \underline{\underline{11,304 \text{ cm}}}$$

60 min  $\dots 360^\circ$

1 min  $\dots 6^\circ$

12 min  $\dots 72^\circ$

Konica kavalca prepotuje  $11,304 \text{ cm}$ .